Private Law 279

CHAPTER 486

AN ACT

For the relief of Eleanor Ramos.

August 1, 1955 [H. R. 3071]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That, for the purposes of the Immigration and Nationality Act, Eleanor Ramos shall be held and considered to have been lawfully admitted to the United States for permanent residence as of the date of the enactment of this Act, upon payment of the required visa fee.

66 Stat. 163. 8 USC 1101 note.

Approved August 1, 1955.

Private Law 280

CHAPTER 487

AN ACT

For the relief of Evelyn Hardy Waters.

August 1, 1955 [H. R. 3193]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That, notwithstanding any statute of limitation or lapse of time or any provision of law to the contrary, suit may be instituted within one year after the date of enactment of this Act by Evelyn Hardy Waters, of Pensacola, Florida, upon her claim against the United States for personal injuries sustained by her as a result of the alleged improper administering of an anesthetic in the course of an operation performed on her August 12, 1948, by the personnel of the naval hospital at Pensacola, Florida. In any such suit brought pursuant to this Act proceedings shall be had and the liability, if any, of the United States shall be determined in accordance with the provisions of law applicable in the case of tort claims against the United States: Provided, That nothing in this Act shall be construed as an inference of liability on the part of the United States.

Evelyn H. Waters.

Approved August 1, 1955.

Private Law 281

CHAPTER 488

AN ACT

For the relief of Guadalupe Zuniga (also known as Benita Chaparrao-Venegas or Guadalupe Acosta).

August 1, 1955 [H. R. 3853]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That, notwithstanding the provisions of section 212 (a) (17) and (19) of the Immigration and Nationality Act, Guadalupe Zuniga (also known as Benita Chaparrao-Venegas or Guadalupe Acosta) may be admitted to the United States for permanent residence if she is found to be otherwise admissible under the provisions of that Act: Provided, That these exemptions shall apply only to grounds for exclusion of which the Department of State or the Department of Justice had knowledge prior to the enactment of this Act.

Guadalupe Zuniga. 66 Stat. 182. 8 USC 1182.

Approved August 1, 1955.